

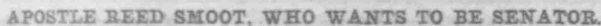
Silver, 51½¢ per ounce.
Copper, 11½¢ per pound; New York, 11½¢.
Lead, \$3.50 per 100 pounds; New York, 112½¢.

THE SALT LAKE HERALD

Forecast for Salt Lake.
Showers and Cooler.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Senator Kearns Paves the Way For Smoot's Declaration—Salt Lake and Utah Counties the Battle Ground.



DRINK HABIT CAUSES THE SUICIDE OF AN AGED MAN

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| LACEY'S BILL FOR LEASING OF GRAZING LANDS | ENGLAND TAKES STEPS TO OUTWIT AMERICANS |
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UTAH REPRESENTATIVES IN THE INTERSTATE DEBATE



SWINDLED BY MAIL

NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL.

Railway Men's Views of Anti-in-

(Special To The Herald.)
Washington, May 14.—The secretary of the interior today affirmed the decision of the department to hold for cancellation the homestead entry of White of the Lewiston (Ida.) land district, said entry being in conflict with the lands reserved for the Nez Perce Indians. The secretary said that the photograph for Senator Hetfield, received word today of the death of her sister, Miss Berrell will be unable to attend the funeral. Senator Rawlins today received a communication from the National Railway Conductors of Salt Lake, advising that the organization wishes Utah to be represented at the annual convention reported by the senate committee on judiciary, and for the original anti-injunction bill to be passed. The objectionable language of the substitute is to the effect that injunctions shall be null and void, and that the effect of the conspiracy shall be to create intimidation by a snow of physical force, and that the law shall be for its purpose injury to the property or business of the complainant or is likely to result in injury to the public.
This, it is stated, if enacted into a law, would afford no relief, but would give the courts no power to enforce the law which to base infamous injunctions making workmen worse off than they are. Utah is not a party to the bill, and the effect of the original bill or nothing.

IDAHO HOME FOR VETERANS.

Branch Institution May Be Located in the Panhandle.
(Special To The Herald.)

Washington, May 11.—Senator Turner and Representative Cushman today by request introduced bills authorizing the board of managers of the home for disabled volunteer soldiers to locate the branch home at Coeur d'Alene City, Idaho, on the old Fort Lemhi military reservation, comprising about 900 acres. It is pointed out that there is no national home in the northwest and that state homes are not sufficiently large to accommodate the thousands of veterans in Idaho and the neighboring states.

PRESBYTERIANS IN SESSION

Fifteen Days' Meeting Opens in New York This Morning—Election of a Member of the Faculty of McCormick Seminary May Force An Issue.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The general assembly of the Presbyterian church will be begun at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian church, this city, tomorrow. The session will continue during fifteen days. The greatest interest in this assembly centers about the report to be made by the committee on the revision of the confession of faith.

This report is to be the final one made by the committee, and while in many quarters revision is regarded as necessary there is also a strong feeling against action on the subject. It is hoped by the educational commission that the election of a new member of the faculty of the McCormick Theological seminary of Chicago will force the issue, even if the report of the committee is not a candidate for this post is Rev. Dr. James S. Riggs of the Auburn seminary. He was chosen by the faculty of McCormick seminary to fill the chair of New Testament exegesis and literature by a bare majority, the cause of the election being the candidate's alleged advocacy of the belief that Adam and Eve and a number of other Old Testament characters were "born again" after the manner of the Bible, and that the evolutionary theory of creation is the correct one.

It is predicted that there will be contest on the election of Dr. Riggs and that much that will be pertinent to the chairmanship question will be expressed in this discussion.

The report of the committee on revision is the outcome of a discussion that began before the Briggs trial and the chairmanship committee is Dr. Henry C. Minton of the San Francisco Theological seminary.

At the anniversary meeting of the home missionary board, which is to be held at the same time at the Waldorf hall, President Roosevelt is expected to be present and to make an address.

Springfield, Mo., May 14.—The seventy-second general assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, will open in this city tomorrow morning. Among the subjects to be considered will be the immediate planting of a church in San Francisco and such a revision of the constitution as will eliminate from the church the practice of immersion as a mode of baptism.

MORE MONEY FOR WEST TO SET WELL ON FIRE

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| Increased Appropriations Made For Several Government Buildings. | Plot to Damage Union Pacific Oil Property Frustrated by the Watchman. |
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(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, May 14.—The senate committee on public buildings and grounds has completed amendments to the house omnibus public building bill and will report the amended bill to the senate tomorrow.

Monte, county appropriation \$300,000, being an increase over the house bill of \$100,000; Monte, Mont. coal, bill \$50,000, increase over the house bill \$75,000; Monte, Mont. coal, bill \$75,000, increase over the house bill, \$75,000.

The bill contains an item for one new building in the west not provided for in the house bill. This building is to be at Helena, Mont. The bill also contains an item for the senate bill also carries these items: Evanston, Wyo., \$100,000; Colorado, \$135,000; \$135,000; \$135,000; \$135,000, which are identical with items in the house bill.

The honorable report was made today by the house public lands committee upon a bill to validate the land selection made by the state of Wyoming in the year 1900 and two the state of Wyoming selected certain lands in lieu of school sections in an abandoned reservation. Subsequently the interior department rules these selections invalid and the present bill is to make valid such part of these selections as have been made by the state.

Many theories are advanced as to the motive. A year ago last March the Union Pacific commenced drilling for water at three points, being one of their selected sections, but they had not yet taken out a patent on the same. The excellent quality was struck. Before the company could take out a patent Frank Foot, a well known mining engineer, was engaged by the mining patent and turned the prospect over to the American Consolidated Oil and Gas Co. The company is now in development by Union Pacific was obtained. This case is now pending in the supreme court.

The investigation of last night's work has begun. The premises are being guarded by armed watchmen.

APPROVES BIDS FOR

Reception For Mrs. Nelden.

Los Angeles, May 14.—Mrs. H. E. Wallis gave a delightful reception this afternoon at her home, 1111 S. Main, to the guests of the General Federation of Women's Clubs. The hostess was assisted by her husband and by her daughter, Mrs. L. J. Gould. Among the out-of-town guests invited were Mrs. Coulter of Ogden, Mrs. Vincent and Mrs. Matheson of Salt Lake City. Mrs. J. E. Edwards of Pasadena, and Mrs. Hayes of Idaho.

Dick Is Renominated. Washington, May 14.—Captain Thomas Swobe, quartermaster United States army, has been ordered to Sheridan Wyo., to take charge of the construction of the new barracks to be built at Fort McKenzie.

Quits Summarily, Asserting Action Was Necessary
to Maintain His Self-respect.

Might Have Won by Appealing to Croker, But He Would Not Deign
to Do So—Refuses Vote of Confidence.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Lewis Nixon, leader of Tammany hall for nearly six months, resigned that position today at a meeting of the district leaders, and the chairman of the resignation was not entirely unexpected. It was not thought that Mr. Nixon would take such positive action until a later date, first waiting the action of the leaders to see if they would give him a vote of confidence.

Instead of this he refused to allow any vote of confidence, and went so far as to say that he could no longer retain his self-respect if he remained as leader.

The meeting of the district leaders was called at the instance of Mr. Nixon, who, on Tuesday night, sent telegraphic messages to all of the thirty-seven. This action followed a deadlock at the meeting of the sachems of Tammany Hall shortly Monday, when Mr. Nixon's intention of retaining Thomas L. Feltner as grand sachem was frustrated by a tie, there being six of the sachems of the thirteen for and six against the action. George C. Clauson being absent.

The action at that time caused a general discussion of the possibilities of Mr. Nixon losing control of the organization and the combination headed by John F. Carroll pushing him. Mr. Nixon, in an interview on Tuesday, said that if he could not have the confidence of the leaders, he would get out.

Announces He Will Quit.

When Mr. Nixon arrived at Tammany hall today all thirty-seven leaders were present. As soon as the meeting was called to order, Mr. Nixon arose and said:

"Gentlemen, I have decided to resign as leader of Tammany hall. This resignation is absolute and positive, and not to be withdrawn. I feel that I cannot continue to lead this organization and remain the leader of Tammany hall. My decision is unalterable."

There was a moment's silence when Mr. Nixon had finished. Then Michael C. Murphy made a few complimentary remarks in praise of Mr. Nixon. He did not say, however, that he wished him to remain as leader. He said that Mr. Nixon had done splendid work as the leader of the hall and had the confidence of all the leaders.

Mr. Nixon jumped to his feet as soon as Colonel Murphy had finished, and said:

"I do not desire any vote of confidence from you."

He immediately left the room, followed by an outburst of handclapping.

Once outside the meeting room, Mr. Nixon would only say to the newspaper men: "I am resigning as leader of Tammany hall. Shipbuilding was my specialty. I am out of politics, and am glad of it. I will devote my time to my business of shipbuilding, and will talk of that by and by the hour, but I will not talk about politics again. The Tammany resignation is plain. I could have won, and elected Mr. Feltner grand sachem, but I would not appeal to Mr. Croker."

No Leader at Present.

Following the departure of Mr. Nixon, several leaders remained for some time in groups, chatting about the resignation and the possible developments. It was understood that the meeting of the executive committee of district leaders will be held Thursday at which time Mr. Nixon's action will be acted upon. There were numerous suggestions about the resignation. The future policy of the organization was the most persistent one, and one that was expressed by several leaders, was that there would be no actual leader of Tammany hall for some time to come.

It was also suggested that a committee of finance committee would be appointed, as well as the chairmanship of this committee. The chairman, who is now Lewis Nixon, was as Richard Croker has always been the leader of Tammany hall, and the handling of the funds of the organization in the campaign.

WHITELAW REID GIVEN A
BANQUET BY UNION LEAGUE CLUB

New York, May 14.—Whitelaw Reid was the guest of honor at a farewell banquet given at the Union League club tonight in anticipation of his approaching departure for London as special ambassador of the United States to expansion which had always prevailed since the establishment of the republic, and said:

"The opposition to expansion is not groundless, etoin shrdiu cmfwp ybkgk as this."

The banquet was attended by about 100 gentlemen, including many prominent figures in politics, finance and journalism from all sections of the country. The English and American Ambassadors Reid, draped with the American and British colors, overhung the seat of the guest of the evening. Flowers and shaded lights served as decorations for the table. Selections of music were interspersed during the dinner by an orchestra.

Among the invited guests were Sir Percy Sanderson, the British consul general, and Cornelius N. Bliss, who sat, respectively, at the right and left of the British and American Ambassadors. Also present were Mr. C. Payne, John K. Griggs, Jr., Henry C. Nathan, President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia university, John A. McCall, Charles Emory Smith, Clark Howell of the Atlanta Constitution, J. E. Stone, Frank C. Noyes of the Chicago Daily, J. W. C. Simmonds, Austin B. Fletcher, George W. Perkins, Thomas C. Rapier of the New Orleans Picayune, Albert J. Barr of the Pittsburg Post, Harvey W. Scott of the Portland Oregonian, Her-

He concluded with a brief reference to Reid's great services to the country.

Thomas J. Rapier of New Orleans said he was gratified to be able to express his concurrence in the remarks of the other speakers on the excellence of Mr. Reid's appointment.

Scott Makes a Speech.

Harvey W. Scott of Portland, Ore., referred to expansion, and predicted that the United States would expand beyond the seas, "we would prove to be not inferior in power and ability to other nations, and we will govern the Philippines with justice and liberty. American journalism has the highest regard for the president, and we wish him goodspeed on his mission."

Sir Percy Sanderson, the British consul general, said:

"America and England are getting together in many ways. Nothing could have been more timely than this display of mourning in this country on the death of the queen, and reciprocal mourning in England on the death of President McKinley. We are bound together in our joys and sorrows. I wish that the president, in carrying out his duties, that sorrow were felt

Among the members of the club present were Eastman Johnson, John A. Satch, John A. Thompson, John A. Thompson, W. J. Arkell, F. E. Hyde, John S. Kennedy, Anson G. McCook, General Francis Greene, Daniel F. Appleton, Col. J. A. Thompson, and others.

ROBBED BY HER LOVER.

Archbishop's appreciation of Ambassador Reid's public services and greeting his press here in anticipation would prevent his attendance at the dinner. Mr. Bliss said that this was probably the only time that the lamented archbishop had dictated, as it had been dictated within a few hours of his death.

Drink King's Health.

Mr. Bliss said that the

President of the United States," which was drunk standing and with applause. He then said:

"This is a sort of international and ambassadorial affair. I invite you all to rise and drink the health of King Edward."

This was greeted with prolonged applause. . .

Mr. Elmes offered a toast to Mr. Reid, and this was great applause. Mr. Reid made an appropriate response. . .

Senator Dewey spoke to the toast "The Senate," beginning with a tribute to the guest of the evening, . . .

Chief Justice Taft responded to the toast "American Ambassadors. . .

The money that was stolen represented the savings of Mrs. Klein, who for fourteen years had kept a restaurant in St. Louis. Not many months ago Marco applied at her restaurant for work and was given employment. At the end of five weeks the proprietress and waiter became engaged. . .

Marco came to this city and Mrs. Klein sold out her business and followed him. Having found her room during his absence, ripped open the mattress of her bed and took all of her money. He was already wearing her gold

Mr. Smith's address was an eloquent tribute to the worth of Mr. Reid as journalist, statesman and public leader.

At the conclusion of Mr. Smith's address, Chairman Bliss referred to the various distinguished guests and representatives of the press, and invited Melville E. Stone to speak to the toast of "The Press," and Clark Howell and Stephen O'Meara of the Boston Journal followed briefly.

At the close of his course of his remarks, said: "I take particular pleasure in recognizing Mr. Reid as the most conspicuous exponent of American Journalism today. In honoring him you honor the press of the United States."

Mr. O'Meara reviewed the opposition

Changes in Committees.

Washington, May 14.—The Democratic congressional campaign committee today announced that it had headquarters in Washington and to increase the executive committee from eleven to fourteen members, of whom eight shall be members of the congressional campaign committee and six from outside of it. It is also announced that the committee will accept the chairmanship of the executive committee. The headquarters of the executive committee will be in Chicago, and this committee will have charge of the congressional campaign in the western states. The main committee will leave after the east from Washington.